

Number Systems

8. 5 The word consecutive means 'in a row' - since you don't know any of the numbers, use x .

x = smallest $x+1$ = next $x+2$ = largest

$x(x+1) = 5(x+2) - 5$ → once it's set-up - solve!

$x^2 + x = 5x + (10 - 5)$

$x^2 + x = 5x + 5$

$- \quad 5x + 5 \quad - \quad 5x + 5$

$x^2 + 4x - 5$ → now factor

$(x+1)(x-5)$ → now set = to zero + solve

$x+1=0$
 $-1 = -1$
 $x = -1$

$x-5=0$
 $+5 = +5$
 $x = 5$

10. $2a + 3s = 34$ $a = \text{Antonio}$
 $s = 5a$ $s = \text{Sarah}$
 Substitute + plug in $s = 5a$

$2a + 3(5a) = 34$

$2a + 15a = 34$

$\frac{17a}{17} = \frac{34}{17}$ $a = 2$

Now, plug Antonio's age in to an equation to find Sarah's age.

$s = 5(2)$ $\text{Sarah is } 10$

13. Ratie $\times 2$ each time Jennifer $+200$ each time

Turn	Points
0	100 $\times 2$
1	200 $\leftarrow \times 2$
2	400 $\leftarrow \times 2$
3	800 \leftarrow

Turn	Points
0	100 $+200$
1	300 $\leftarrow +200$
2	500 $\leftarrow +200$
3	700 \leftarrow

Answer Turn 4

15. **D** $E = mc^2$ Solve for m

$$\frac{E}{c^2} = \frac{mc^2}{c^2}$$

$$m = \frac{E}{c^2}$$

24. Make the shape by graphing each pair of points given.

27. **B** - use the formula given and plug in info. given on the sides

$$A = \frac{1}{2} h (b_1 + b_2)$$

$$b_1 = x - 3 \quad b_2 = x + 7 \quad h = 4$$

$$\textcircled{1} A = \frac{1}{2} (4) (x - 3 + x + 7)$$

$\textcircled{2}$ Solve using PEMDAS + combine like terms inside the parentheses.

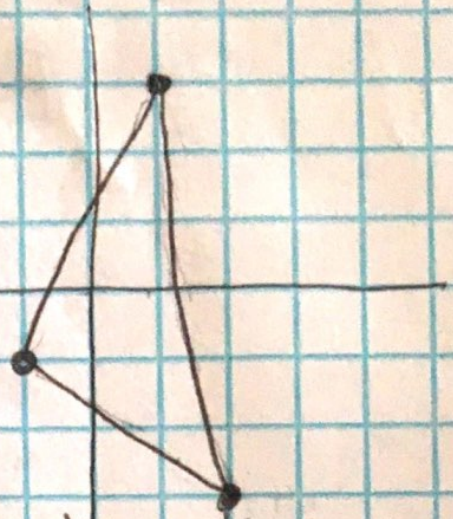
$$\rightarrow ((x - 3) + (x + 7)) \rightarrow 2x + 4$$

$$A = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{4}{1} \right) = \frac{4}{2} = 2(2x + 4)$$

$$A = 4x + 8$$

24. $(1, 3)$
 $(2, -3)$
 $(-1, -1)$

- ① Graph the shape
- ② Count squares to get general perimeter



[B] 14 (its about 14 - note the word approximate)

30. nickels = .05 (five cents) = x
 dimes = .10 (ten cents) = y

$$.05x + .10y = .65$$

* Before doing ANY math, look at the answer choices and notice the differences.

- choices $A + B$ have even numbers as well as odd

- choices $A + C$ have 0

- since the question deals with nickels, which are odd and dimes, which are even

- since we have nickels, which are odd, we can cross off answer choices that have even options ($A + B$).

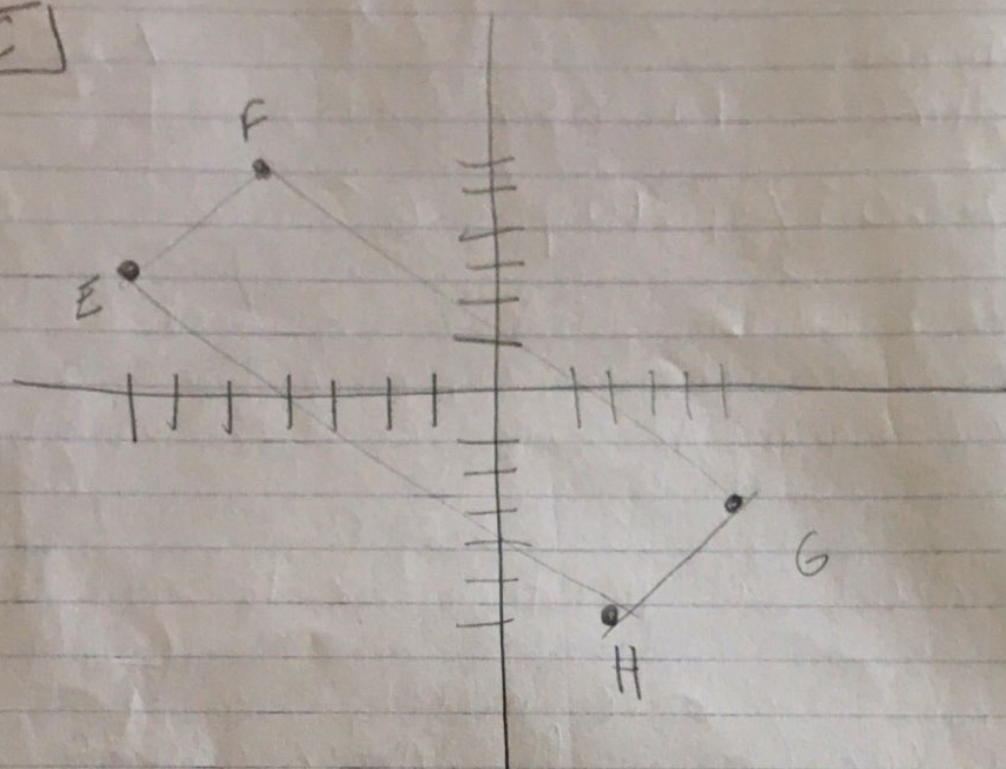
- next, plug in 0 since that's the only difference between $C + D$ and notice that plugging in zero gives an answer of \$6.50 - since he must use nickels, this won't work!

- Must be answer **D**

32. **C** The word 'originally' tells you that's the y -intercept (4) - you can automatically cross off choices $B + D$ because the y -intercept is -4. The words 'there were' mean equals, so put 178 on the left of the equal sign + C is the only option. To prove it, plug it in + solve

$$\begin{array}{r} 178 = 6n + 4 \\ - 4 \qquad - 4 \\ \hline 174 = 6n \qquad n = 29 \checkmark \\ \underline{\quad} \quad \underline{\quad} \\ 6 \qquad 6 \end{array}$$

33.

C

35.

B

① Make a table so you can see the pattern better

$x = \text{weeks}$
 $y = \text{\# days}$

x	y
1	4
2	9
3	14
4	19

- since the rate of change is 5, but the first y -value (y -intercept) is 4, it's **B**, because $4 - 5 = -1$

$$f(n) = 5n - 1$$

↓
rate of change

$$\rightarrow 4 - 5 = -1$$